



**March  
2018**

**Bill Haslam  
Governor**

**TENNESSEE**

**Department of Labor and Workforce Development**

# The Labor Market Report

## Asian-American and Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander Heritage Month

In 1978, Congress passed a resolution establishing Asian/Pacific American Heritage Week. The original resolution was a 10-day celebration commemorating the first Japanese immigrants to the U.S. (May 1843) and the Chinese contributions to the transcontinental railroad (completed in May 1869). In 1992, this was changed to a month long May celebration known as Asian-American and Pacific Islander Heritage Month.

The original Census category was entitled Asian or Pacific Islander. In a 1997 U.S. Office of Management and Budget directive this category was divided into two separate racial groups with data collected individually. The new Census categories became Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders and Asian. In 2010 it was requested to change the name to Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander. It is the data collected from these Census changes that forms the basis of this article.

These estimates represent the number of people who reported a specific detailed Asian or Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander group alone, as well as people who reported that detailed group in combination with one or more other detailed groups or race(s) on the decennial Census or American Community Surveys.

### Asian Population

In 2016 there were 21.4 million Asian residents in the United

States. Among their ancestries are: Chinese (4.88 million people); Asian-Indian (4.12 million people); Filipino (3.91 million people); Vietnamese (2.07 million people); Korean (1.82 million people); Japanese (1.47 million people); Pakistani (500,433 people); Cambodian (327,719 people); Hmong (296,890 people); and Laotian (263,298 people). Of this total, 2.5 percent are military veterans.

The states with the largest Asian population are California (6,611,659 persons), New York (1,917,389 persons), Texas (1,535,712 persons), New Jersey (946,949 persons), Hawaii (813,954 persons), Illinois (795,989 persons), Washington (777,401 persons), and Florida (731,190 persons). These eight states accounted for 66 percent of the Asian population in the U.S. In 2016 there were 148,985 Asians or persons of Asian descent living in Tennessee. Asians identify their religion as either Christianity (42 percent), Unaffiliated (26 percent), Buddhism (14 percent), Hindu (10 percent), or Islam (4 percent).

Asians ages 25 and older have a higher education level than the U.S. average. There are 87.2 percent that have at least a high school diploma or equivalency and 52.3 percent who had a bachelor's degree or higher. In 2015, the median income for Asians was \$76,260 (the U.S. median was \$55,322), and there were 530,406 Asian-owned employer firms. These firms employed 4,132,531

## Information About Asians and Native Hawaiians

paid employees. In 2016, 20.6 percent of the Asian population was under 18 while 11.2 percent was 65 or older. Asians between 35 and 64 years old accounted for 41.3 percent of the population.

The U.S. Asian population grew by 72 percent between 2000 and 2015. This is the fastest growth rate of any major racial or ethnic group. Hispanics increased by 60 percent during the same period. Looking forward, Asians are projected to become the largest immigrant group in the country, surpassing Hispanics in 2055. At that time, Asians will make up 38 percent of all U.S. immigrants while Hispanics will make up 31 percent. The Bhutanese (92 percent), the Nepalese (88 percent), and the Burmese (85 percent) have the highest percentage of foreign-born Asians. On the other end of the spectrum, the Hmong (39 percent), and the Japanese (27 percent) have the lowest percentage of foreign-born U.S. Asians.

### Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander

Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander are Americans who have ethnic ancestry among the indigenous people of Oceania (Polynesians, Melanesian, and Micronesians). The U.S. Census also includes indigenous Australians (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders) as part of the group.

In 2016, there were 1.5 million Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander residents in the United States, 582,477 of whom are Native Hawaiian. This is followed by Samoan (207,003 persons), Guamanian or Chamorro (150,52 persons), and Tongan (62,458 persons). In 2016, there were 5,426 Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders living in Tennessee. Of this racial group, 7.5 percent are military veterans. Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander veterans are 249 percent over-represented in the U.S. military!

The states with the largest Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander population are Hawaii

(381,954 persons), California (354,952 persons), Washington (90,464 persons), and Texas (70,099 persons). These four states accounted for 58.5 percent of the Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander population in the U.S. In 2016 there were 11,434 Native Hawaiian or persons of Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander decent living in Tennessee.

Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders have an average completion percentage for high school and college comparable to the U.S. average. There are 88.2 percent that have at least a high school diploma or equivalency and 22.3 percent who had a bachelor's degree or higher. In 2015, the median income for Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islanders was \$60,133 (the U.S. median was \$55,322), and there were 4,658 Native Hawaiian and Pacific islander-owned employer firms. These firms employed 1,387,609 paid employees.

Almost 20 percent of Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders live in poverty, (compared to the U.S. average of 12 percent) while 16 percent lack health coverage. Native Hawaiians are over five times as likely to experience diabetes between the ages of 19 to 35 compared to non-Hawaiians. In Hawaii, the Native Hawaiians have the highest rate of cancer deaths compared to any other ethnic group (229 per 10,000).

Nearly 18 percent of all Micronesians live in poverty. The Micronesians are a younger group of people. In 2008, 34 percent of the Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander population was under 18 while 8 percent was 65 or older.

# TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1988 to present

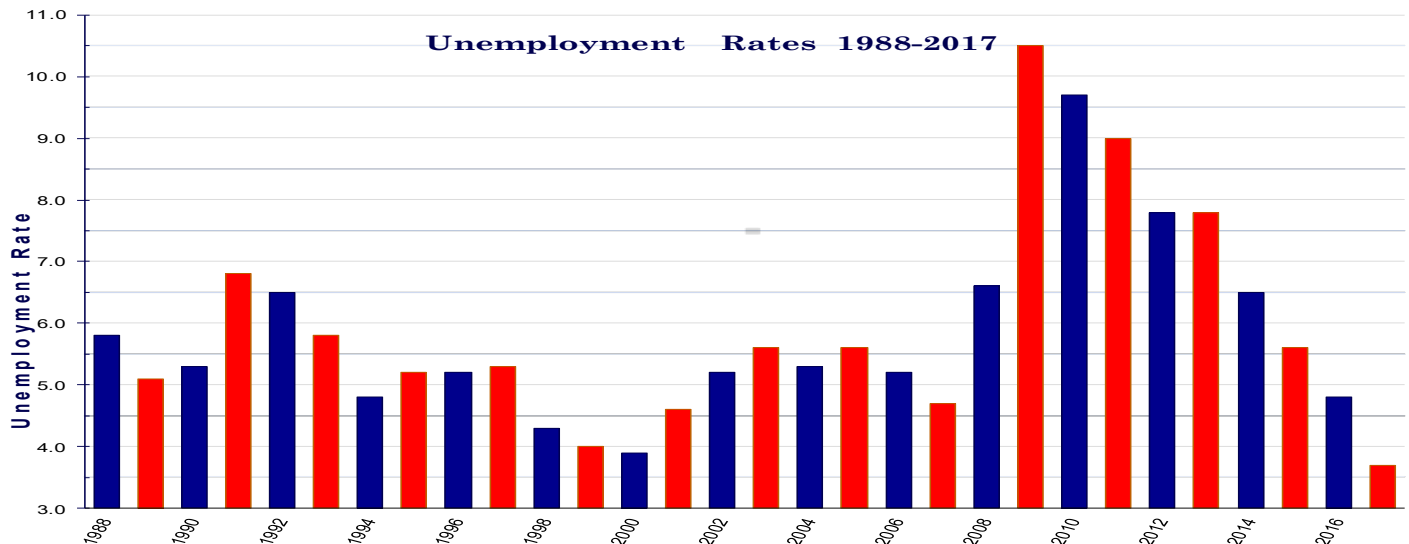
# COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES\*

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED								
Civilian Labor Force								
Year and Month	Total	Employment	Employed				Unemployed	
			Nonfarm Employment				Number	Rate (%)
			Total	**Manu-facturing	**Trade	**Services		
1988	2,345.2	2,208.6	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.6	5.8 %
1989	2,367.3	2,247.2	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	120.2	5.1
1990	2,394.7	2,266.8	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	128.0	5.3
1991	2,413.7	2,250.6	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	163.1	6.8
1992	2,457.2	2,297.4	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	159.8	6.5
1993	2,526.9	2,380.5	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	146.4	5.8
1994	2,659.9	2,531.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	128.8	4.8
1995	2,732.2	2,591.5	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	140.7	5.2
1996	2,767.0	2,623.8	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	143.2	5.2
1997	2,786.1	2,639.2	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	146.9	5.3
1998	2,812.4	2,691.5	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	120.9	4.3
1999	2,852.4	2,739.2	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	113.3	4.0
2000	2,843.1	2,733.3	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	109.8	3.9
2001	2,861.3	2,731.0	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	130.4	4.6
2002	2,906.6	2,756.1	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	150.5	5.2
2003	2,912.2	2,748.1	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.0	5.6
2004	2,878.7	2,725.1	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	153.6	5.3
2005	2,904.8	2,743.4	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	161.4	5.6
2006	3,036.0	2,878.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	157.6	5.2
2007	3,063.7	2,920.4	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	143.3	4.7
2008	3,054.8	2,853.7	2,774.8	361.0	457.0	1,058.2	201.0	6.6
2009	3,052.7	2,733.1	2,619.8	309.2	427.8	1,025.3	319.6	10.5
2010	3,090.8	2,792.1	2,615.4	298.9	423.5	1,041.2	298.7	9.7
2011	3,125.3	2,844.7	2,661.4	304.4	427.1	1,076.8	280.6	9.0
2012	3,100.7	2,857.9	2,714.0	313.4	433.3	1,112.2	242.7	7.8
2013	3,072.5	2,832.9	2,749.7	318.8	437.2	1,139.2	239.6	7.8
2014	3,040.1	2,841.5	2,822.2	324.9	441.1	1,184.4	198.6	6.5
2015	3,070.9	2,899.2	2,893.9	333.0	445.5	1,224.0	171.8	5.6
2016	3,135.1	2,984.3	2,965.8	343.3	453.7	1,260.5	150.8	4.8
2017	3,198.8	3,080.2	3,010.0	348.8	455.9	1,282.2	118.6	3.7
2018								
January	3,191.1	3,070.7	2,990.6	346.4	449.7	1,268.5	120.4	3.8 %
February (r)	3,231.4	3,113.8	3,020.3	348.5	450.1	1,287.1	117.6	3.6
March (p)	3,235.0	3,123.3	3,040.6	349.3	452.2	1,299.5	111.8	3.5
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								

(r)=revised  
(p)=preliminary  
**Trade** = Wholesale and Retail Trade  
 \*\*These industries not comparable to industry employment data before 1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.  
**Services** = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

County	Mar 2017	Mar 2018	County	Mar 2017	Mar 2018
Anderson	4.4	3.7	Lauderdale	6.2	5.5
Bedford	4.0	3.5	Lawrence	4.6	4.1
Benton	5.7	4.9	Lewis	5.2	4.5
Bledsoe	6.4	5.8	Lincoln	3.7	3.1
Blount	3.9	3.2	Loudon	4.0	3.5
Bradley	4.1	3.5	Macon	3.6	3.1
Campbell	6.2	4.8	Madison	4.2	3.7
Cannon	3.8	3.1	Marion	5.1	4.6
Carroll	5.5	4.7	Marshall	3.5	3.3
Carter	4.9	4.1	Maury	3.4	3.5
Cheatham	3.4	2.7	McMinn	5.1	4.1
Chester	4.0	3.7	McNairy	5.7	5.5
Claiborne	5.4	4.4	Meigs	7.1	4.5
Clay	5.7	4.7	Monroe	4.3	3.6
Coke	6.2	5.0	Montgomery	4.4	3.7
Coffee	4.0	3.5	Moore	3.1	3.1
Crockett	5.0	4.1	Morgan	5.3	4.3
Cumberland	5.3	4.3	Obion	5.8	4.9
Davidson	3.0	2.6	Overton	4.6	3.9
Decatur	6.1	5.3	Perry	6.0	4.1
DeKalb	5.3	4.3	Pickett	5.3	3.5
Dickson	3.7	3.0	Polk	5.0	4.2
Dyer	5.5	4.7	Putnam	4.2	3.5
Fayette	4.4	3.7	Rhea	7.3	5.7
Fentress	4.7	4.2	Roane	4.9	4.0
Franklin	4.2	3.5	Robertson	3.4	3.1
Gibson	5.1	4.3	Rutherford	3.1	2.6
Giles	3.4	3.6	Scott	5.7	4.4
Grainger	4.7	3.9	Sequatchie	5.1	4.4
Greene	4.7	4.2	Sevier	5.1	3.8
Grundy	5.3	4.2	Shelby	4.7	4.0
Hamblen	4.3	3.8	Smith	4.1	3.2
Hamilton	3.9	3.4	Stewart	5.6	5.1
Hancock	6.3	4.7	Sullivan	4.5	3.7
Hardeman	5.6	5.0	Sumner	3.2	2.8
Hardin	5.3	4.3	Tipton	4.7	4.2
Hawkins	4.6	4.0	Trousdale	3.7	3.3
Haywood	5.5	5.4	Unicoi	5.6	4.9
Henderson	5.8	4.9	Union	4.7	4.0
Henry	4.9	4.3	Van Buren	4.9	4.3
Hickman	3.8	3.2	Warren	4.1	3.8
Houston	6.1	5.8	Washington	4.0	3.5
Humphreys	4.6	4.3	Wayne	5.4	4.5
Jackson	6.2	4.7	Weakley	4.5	3.9
Jefferson	4.4	3.6	White	4.3	3.5
Johnson	4.3	3.7	Williamson	2.9	2.5
Knox	3.4	2.9	Wilson	3.2	2.7
Lake	6.3	5.2			

\*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted



# Statewide

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	March 2017	February 2018	March 2018	Mar. 2017 Mar. 2018	Feb. 2018 Mar. 2018
Total Nonfarm	2,987.0	3,020.3	<b>3,040.6</b>	53.6	20.3
Total Private	2,548.4	2,581.3	<b>2,600.1</b>	51.7	18.8
Goods-Producing	469.3	470.7	<b>472.6</b>	3.3	1.9
Mining, Logging, & Construction	121.4	122.2	<b>123.3</b>	1.9	1.1
Mining and Logging	4.0	4.0	<b>4.0</b>	0.0	0.0
Construction	117.4	118.2	<b>119.3</b>	1.9	1.1
Construction of Buildings	25.8	26.6	<b>26.7</b>	0.9	0.1
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	15.6	13.7	<b>14.3</b>	-1.3	0.6
Specialty Trade Contractors	76.0	77.9	<b>78.3</b>	2.3	0.4
Manufacturing	347.9	348.5	<b>349.3</b>	1.4	0.8
Durable Goods Manufacturing	221.9	221.3	<b>222.5</b>	0.6	1.2
Wood Product Manufacturing	12.4	12.3	<b>12.3</b>	-0.1	0.0
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	13.5	13.6	<b>13.8</b>	0.3	0.2
Primary Metal Manufacturing	10.5	10.5	<b>10.5</b>	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	35.4	35.5	<b>35.6</b>	0.2	0.1
Machinery Manufacturing	25.3	25.9	<b>26.1</b>	0.8	0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.8	4.8	<b>4.8</b>	0.0	0.0
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	19.3	19.2	<b>19.2</b>	-0.1	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	75.3	73.9	<b>74.4</b>	-0.9	0.5
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	9.6	9.5	<b>9.6</b>	0.0	0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Durable Goods	15.8	16.1	<b>16.2</b>	0.4	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	126.0	127.2	<b>126.8</b>	0.8	-0.4
Food Manufacturing	34.9	35.5	<b>35.3</b>	0.4	-0.2
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	6.7	7.2	<b>7.3</b>	0.6	0.1
Paper Manufacturing	14.6	14.4	<b>14.5</b>	-0.1	0.1
Printing & Related Support Activities	9.1	9.0	<b>9.0</b>	-0.1	0.0
Chemical Manufacturing	24.8	24.8	<b>24.8</b>	0.0	0.0
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	24.3	24.6	<b>24.8</b>	0.5	0.2
Plastics Product Manufacturing	14.4	14.5	<b>14.6</b>	0.2	0.1
Rubber Product Manufacturing	9.9	10.1	<b>10.2</b>	0.3	0.1
Service-Providing	2,517.7	2,549.6	<b>2,568.0</b>	50.3	18.4
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	612.8	618.4	<b>621.4</b>	8.6	3.0
Wholesale Trade	120.3	120.7	<b>122.0</b>	1.7	1.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	62.8	63.2	<b>64.1</b>	1.3	0.9
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	41.2	41.3	<b>41.6</b>	0.4	0.3
Wholesale Electronic Markets	16.3	16.2	<b>16.3</b>	0.0	0.1
Retail Trade	331.6	329.4	<b>330.2</b>	-1.4	0.8
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	46.6	46.8	<b>47.1</b>	0.5	0.3
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	9.6	9.5	<b>9.5</b>	-0.1	0.0
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	29.5	29.6	<b>30.5</b>	1.0	0.9
Food & Beverage Stores	54.2	53.5	<b>53.0</b>	-1.2	-0.5
Health & Personal Care Stores	24.1	23.9	<b>23.9</b>	-0.2	0.0
Gasoline Stations	22.7	22.2	<b>22.2</b>	-0.5	0.0
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	24.1	23.0	<b>23.5</b>	-0.6	0.5
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.2	11.9	<b>11.9</b>	-0.3	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	70.7	69.4	<b>69.6</b>	-1.1	0.2
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	17.4	16.6	<b>16.9</b>	-0.5	0.3
Nonstore Retailers	9.4	10.2	<b>10.2</b>	0.8	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	160.9	168.3	<b>169.2</b>	8.3	0.9
Utilities	3.6	3.4	<b>3.4</b>	-0.2	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	157.3	164.9	<b>165.8</b>	8.5	0.9
Truck Transportation	55.9	56.5	<b>56.5</b>	0.6	0.0
Information	45.3	45.3	<b>46.3</b>	1.0	1.0
Financial Activities	156.6	159.8	<b>160.3</b>	3.7	0.5
Finance & Insurance	117.6	119.1	<b>119.7</b>	2.1	0.6
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	39.0	40.7	<b>40.6</b>	1.6	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	399.9	406.0	<b>407.8</b>	7.9	1.8
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	135.2	137.0	<b>138.5</b>	3.3	1.5
Management of Companies & Enterprises	44.8	46.8	<b>47.0</b>	2.2	0.2
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	219.9	222.2	<b>222.3</b>	2.4	0.1
Educational & Health Services	431.5	439.2	<b>439.9</b>	8.4	0.7
Educational Services	63.3	63.7	<b>63.8</b>	0.5	0.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	368.2	375.5	<b>376.1</b>	7.9	0.6
Ambulatory Health Care Services	149.0	151.4	<b>151.6</b>	2.6	0.2
Hospitals	108.8	111.9	<b>112.2</b>	3.4	0.3
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	61.0	61.9	<b>61.9</b>	0.9	0.0
Social Assistance	49.4	50.3	<b>50.4</b>	1.0	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	320.1	327.3	<b>336.8</b>	16.7	9.5
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	33.5	30.9	<b>34.9</b>	1.4	4.0
Accommodation & Food Services	286.6	296.4	<b>301.9</b>	15.3	5.5
Accommodation	35.6	36.5	<b>37.9</b>	2.3	1.4
Food Services & Drinking Places	251.0	259.9	<b>264.0</b>	13.0	4.1
Other Services	112.9	114.6	<b>115.0</b>	2.1	0.4
Government	438.6	439.0	<b>440.5</b>	1.9	1.5
Federal Government	49.3	48.6	<b>48.6</b>	-0.7	0.0
State Government	101.1	101.4	<b>102.3</b>	1.2	0.9
State Government Educational Services	60.0	59.8	<b>61.0</b>	1.0	1.2
Local Government	288.2	289.0	<b>289.6</b>	1.4	0.6
Local Government Educational Services	146.1	145.8	<b>146.0</b>	-0.1	0.2

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT & LABOR FORCE NARRATIVE

Total nonfarm employment increased by 53,600 jobs from March 2017 to March 2018. There were large increases in accommodation/food services (up 15,300 jobs), which includes increases of 13,000 jobs in food services/drinking places and 2,300 jobs in accommodation; transportation/warehousing (up 8,500 jobs); health care/social assistance (up 7,900 jobs), which includes increases of 3,400 jobs in hospitals and 2,600 jobs in ambulatory health care services; and professional/business services (up 7,900 jobs), which includes increases of 3,300 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services and 2,400 jobs in administrative/support/waste management. There were smaller increases in financial activities (up 3,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,100 jobs in finance/insurance; specialty trade contractors (up 2,300 jobs); other services (up 2,100 jobs); and wholesale trade (up 1,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,300 jobs in durable goods merchandise wholesalers.

These increases were partially offset by a decline of 1,400 jobs in retail trade, which includes decreases of 1,200 jobs in food/beverage stores and 1,100 jobs in general merchandise stores combined with an increase of 1,000 jobs in building material/garden supply stores. There was also a decline of 1,300 jobs in heavy/civil engineering construction.

During March 2018, nonfarm employment increased by 20,300 jobs. There were increases in accommodation/food services (up 5,500 jobs), which includes an increase of 4,100 jobs in food services/drinking places; arts/entertainment/recreation (up 4,000 jobs); professional/business services (up 1,800 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,500 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services; wholesale trade (up 1,300 jobs); state government educational services (up 1,200 jobs); and construction (up 1,100 jobs). There were no large declines during March.

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for March 2018 was 3.4 percent and the United States unemployment rate for March 2018 was 4.1 percent. These unemployment rates were unchanged from the revised February 2018 rates. In March 2017, the U.S. seasonally adjusted rate was 4.5 percent while the state rate was 4.2 percent.

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate decreased in 82 counties, increased in four counties, and remained the same in nine counties. The largest monthly decline was in Sevier County, down 2.5 percentage point. Williamson County had the lowest rate at 2.5 percent, up 0.1 percentage point. The highest rate was Houston County at 5.8 percent, down from 6.8 percent in February 2018.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2016 benchmark.



# CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

March 2017

February 2018

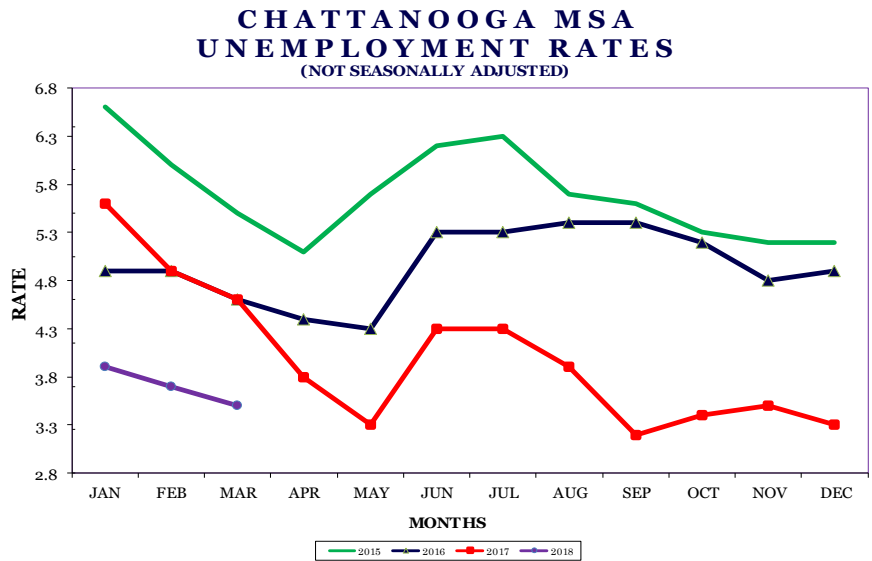
March 2018

	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
<b>Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	160,235,000	153,064,000	7,171,000	4.5	161,921,000	155,215,000	6,706,000	4.1	161,763,000	155,178,000	6,585,000	4.1
TENNESSEE	3,177,900	3,045,000	132,900	4.2	3,222,000	3,113,500	108,500	3.4	3,225,000	3,114,700	110,200	3.4
<b>Not Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	159,912,000	152,628,000	7,284,000	4.6	161,494,000	154,403,000	7,091,000	4.4	161,548,000	154,877,000	6,671,000	4.1
TENNESSEE	3,184,400	3,055,100	129,300	4.1	3,231,400	3,113,800	117,600	3.6	3,235,000	3,123,300	111,800	3.5
<b>Metropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Chattanooga	265,320	254,290	11,020	4.2	271,820	261,630	10,190	3.7	272,330	262,730	9,600	3.5
Clarksville	112,510	106,800	5,710	5.1	113,060	108,250	4,810	4.3	113,230	108,600	4,630	4.1
Cleveland	56,470	54,080	2,390	4.2	57,540	55,410	2,130	3.7	57,280	55,230	2,050	3.6
Jackson	63,930	61,210	2,720	4.3	64,370	61,800	2,580	4.0	64,300	61,880	2,420	3.8
Johnson City	91,060	87,090	3,980	4.4	90,690	87,030	3,660	4.0	90,620	87,200	3,420	3.8
Kingsport	138,400	132,210	6,190	4.5	138,560	133,190	5,360	3.9	139,380	134,130	5,250	3.8
Knoxville	417,080	400,960	16,110	3.9	422,480	408,260	14,220	3.4	421,670	407,980	13,690	3.2
Memphis	626,800	598,010	28,790	4.6	635,940	609,920	26,020	4.1	638,850	613,680	25,160	3.9
Morristown	51,440	49,210	2,230	4.3	51,820	49,630	2,190	4.2	51,870	49,940	1,930	3.7
Nashville	1,002,170	970,730	31,440	3.1	1,025,520	997,440	28,080	2.7	1,028,390	1,000,540	27,850	2.7
<b>Micropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Athens	23,070	21,900	1,170	5.1	22,850	21,850	1,010	4.4	22,800	21,860	940	4.1
*Brownsville	7,840	7,400	440	5.5	7,990	7,550	450	5.6	7,910	7,490	420	5.4
Cookeville	48,370	46,210	2,160	4.5	49,010	47,080	1,920	3.9	48,910	47,110	1,810	3.7
Crossville	23,410	22,170	1,250	5.3	23,860	22,650	1,210	5.1	23,810	22,790	1,020	4.3
*Dayton	13,430	12,450	980	7.3	13,350	12,510	850	6.4	13,270	12,520	760	5.7
Dyersburg	16,190	15,310	880	5.5	16,160	15,380	790	4.9	16,110	15,360	750	4.7
Greenville	30,680	29,230	1,450	4.7	31,070	29,640	1,430	4.6	30,910	29,600	1,310	4.2
Lawrenceburg	17,770	16,960	820	4.6	18,010	17,220	800	4.4	17,900	17,170	730	4.1
Lewisburg	15,480	14,940	550	3.5	15,910	15,380	530	3.3	15,940	15,420	520	3.3
Martin	16,200	15,480	720	4.5	16,090	15,450	640	4.0	15,960	15,350	620	3.9
McMinnville	17,350	16,630	710	4.1	16,850	16,180	660	3.9	16,710	16,070	640	3.8
Newport	14,580	13,680	900	6.2	14,480	13,540	940	6.5	14,490	13,770	730	5.0
Paris	13,960	13,270	690	4.9	14,070	13,390	680	4.8	13,990	13,390	600	4.3
Sevierville	51,160	48,530	2,630	5.1	50,580	47,380	3,200	6.3	51,430	49,460	1,980	3.8
Shelbyville	20,320	19,510	810	4.0	20,690	19,940	750	3.6	20,730	20,000	730	3.5
Tullahoma	48,480	46,530	1,950	4.0	48,920	47,210	1,710	3.5	48,860	47,170	1,690	3.5
<b>Cities</b>												
Bartlett	30,620	29,560	1,060	3.5	31,160	30,240	920	3.0	31,350	30,430	920	2.9
Brentwood	21,540	20,860	680	3.2	21,950	21,440	510	2.3	22,060	21,510	540	2.5
Bristol	11,940	11,400	540	4.6	11,920	11,500	420	3.5	12,020	11,570	450	3.7
Chattanooga	83,030	79,550	3,470	4.2	84,840	81,650	3,190	3.8	85,040	81,950	3,090	3.6
Clarksville	60,120	57,390	2,740	4.6	60,780	58,340	2,440	4.0	60,820	58,430	2,390	3.9
Cleveland	20,270	19,430	840	4.2	20,650	19,910	740	3.6	20,590	19,840	750	3.6
Collierville	25,130	24,280	850	3.4	25,520	24,840	680	2.7	25,680	25,000	680	2.6
Columbia	17,360	16,740	620	3.6	17,970	17,200	780	4.3	17,950	17,240	710	3.9
Cookeville	13,840	13,250	590	4.3	14,020	13,490	530	3.8	14,020	13,510	520	3.7
Franklin	42,190	41,030	1,160	2.7	43,190	42,170	1,020	2.4	43,330	42,310	1,020	2.4
Gallatin	18,320	17,700	620	3.4	18,790	18,190	600	3.2	18,840	18,250	590	3.1
Germantown	19,680	19,080	600	3.0	20,040	19,520	510	2.6	20,160	19,650	520	2.6
Hendersonville	31,560	30,600	960	3.0	32,300	31,440	860	2.7	32,420	31,550	870	2.7
Jackson	31,930	30,490	1,430	4.5	32,140	30,770	1,370	4.3	32,140	30,860	1,270	4.0
Johnson City	31,630	30,420	1,220	3.8	31,470	30,380	1,090	3.5	31,530	30,460	1,080	3.4
Kingsport	22,750	21,710	1,040	4.6	22,850	21,910	940	4.1	22,950	22,050	910	4.0
Knoxville	95,280	91,840	3,440	3.6	96,450	93,490	2,960	3.1	96,390	93,470	2,920	3.0
LaVergne	18,620	18,000	630	3.4	19,010	18,490	530	2.8	19,100	18,550	550	2.9
Lebanon	14,650	14,100	560	3.8	14,990	14,480	510	3.4	14,990	14,520	480	3.2
Maryville	13,560	13,080	480	3.5	13,740	13,320	410	3.0	13,710	13,310	400	2.9
Memphis	291,780	276,540	15,230	5.2	296,570	282,890	13,680	4.6	297,930	284,680	13,250	4.4
Morristown	11,500	10,980	520	4.5	11,560	11,080	490	4.2	11,630	11,140	490	4.2
*Mount Juliet	17,790	17,240	540	3.1	18,200	17,720	480	2.6	18,240	17,760	480	2.6
Murfreesboro	73,380	71,070	2,310	3.2	74,960	73,000	1,960	2.6	75,210	73,240	1,980	2.6
Nashville	384,670	373,080	11,600	3.0	393,470	383,290	10,180	2.6	394,980	384,740	10,240	2.6
Oak Ridge	14,210	13,610	600	4.2	14,370	13,860	520	3.6	14,360	13,860	500	3.5
Smyrna	26,420	25,610	810	3.1	27,030	26,300	730	2.7	27,100	26,390	710	2.6
Spring Hill	20,310	19,730	580	2.9	20,910	20,280	620	3.0	20,940	20,340	590	2.8

\*2016 Census changes: **Micropolitan Areas**-Dayton and Brownsville added, Columbia, Harriman, Humboldt, LaFollette deleted. **Cities**: Mount Juliet added and Union City deleted..

Total nonfarm employment in Chattanooga increased by 2,000 jobs from February 2018 to March 2018. There were increases in leisure/hospitality (up 600 jobs), professional/business services (up 500 jobs), trade/transportation/utilities (up 300 jobs), and durable goods manufacturing (up 200 jobs). There were no industries that declined.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 6,300 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,900 while service-providing jobs increased by 4,400.



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

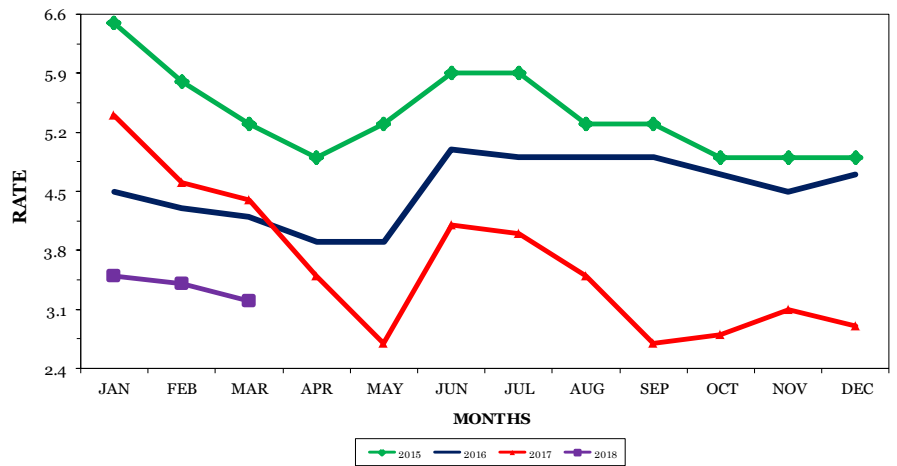
Industry	March 2017	Revised February 2018	Preliminary March 2018	Net Change Mar. 2017 Mar. 2018	Net Change Feb. 2018 Mar. 2018
Total Nonfarm	254.4	258.7	<b>260.7</b>	6.3	2.0
Total Private	217.2	220.8	<b>222.7</b>	5.5	1.9
Goods-Producing	42.2	43.9	<b>44.1</b>	1.9	0.2
Mining, Logging, & Construction	9.7	10.3	<b>10.3</b>	0.6	0.0
Manufacturing	32.5	33.6	<b>33.8</b>	1.3	0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	17.5	18.3	<b>18.5</b>	1.0	0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	15.0	15.3	<b>15.3</b>	0.3	0.0
Service-Providing	212.2	214.8	<b>216.6</b>	4.4	1.8
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	52.2	52.0	<b>52.3</b>	0.1	0.3
Wholesale Trade	8.6	8.7	<b>8.8</b>	0.2	0.1
Retail Trade	27.3	26.8	<b>26.9</b>	-0.4	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	16.3	16.5	<b>16.6</b>	0.3	0.1
Information	3.3	3.3	<b>3.4</b>	0.1	0.1
Financial Activities	16.3	16.6	<b>16.7</b>	0.4	0.1
Professional & Business Services	29.7	30.3	<b>30.8</b>	1.1	0.5
Educational & Health Services	33.7	34.2	<b>34.2</b>	0.5	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	28.2	28.7	<b>29.3</b>	1.1	0.6
Other Services	11.6	11.8	<b>11.9</b>	0.3	0.1
Government	37.2	37.9	<b>38.0</b>	0.8	0.1
Federal Government	5.4	5.3	<b>5.4</b>	0.0	0.1
State Government	6.8	7.2	<b>7.2</b>	0.4	0.0
Local Government	25.0	25.4	<b>25.4</b>	0.4	0.0



Total nonfarm employment in Knoxville increased by 600 jobs from February 2018 to March 2018. There were increases in mining/logging/construction (up 500 jobs); educational/health services (up 300 jobs); and local government and durable goods manufacturing (both up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by declines of 400 jobs in retail trade and 300 jobs in both state government and professional/business services.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 4,500 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs increased by 3,500 while service providing jobs increased by 1,000.

**KNOXVILLE MSA  
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES  
(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)**



**ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)**

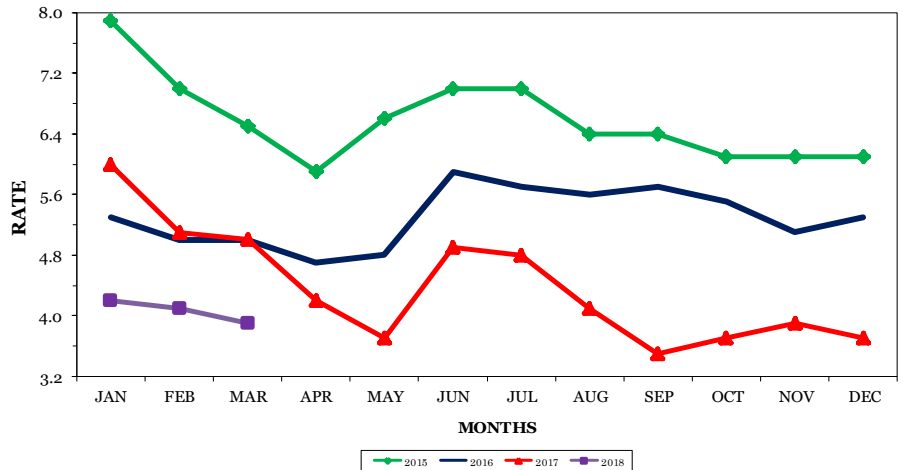
Industry	March 2017	Revised February 2018	Preliminary March 2018	Net Change	
				Mar. 2017 Mar. 2018	Feb. 2018 Mar. 2018
Total Nonfarm	392.7	396.6	<b>397.2</b>	4.5	0.6
Total Private	332.3	335.8	<b>336.5</b>	4.2	0.7
Goods-Producing	56.2	58.9	<b>59.7</b>	3.5	0.8
Mining, Logging, & Construction	17.7	19.0	<b>19.5</b>	1.8	0.5
Manufacturing	38.5	39.9	<b>40.2</b>	1.7	0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	28.2	29.2	<b>29.4</b>	1.2	0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	10.3	10.7	<b>10.8</b>	0.5	0.1
Service-Providing	336.5	337.7	<b>337.5</b>	1.0	-0.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	77.4	77.1	<b>76.8</b>	-0.6	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	16.5	16.6	<b>16.7</b>	0.2	0.1
Retail Trade	47.6	46.8	<b>46.4</b>	-1.2	-0.4
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	13.3	13.7	<b>13.7</b>	0.4	0.0
Information	5.8	5.7	<b>5.7</b>	-0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	19.2	19.3	<b>19.3</b>	0.1	0.0
Professional & Business Services	64.5	64.7	<b>64.4</b>	-0.1	-0.3
Educational & Health Services	54.1	52.8	<b>53.1</b>	-1.0	0.3
Leisure & Hospitality	40.3	42.4	<b>42.5</b>	2.2	0.1
Other Services	14.8	14.9	<b>15.0</b>	0.2	0.1
Government	60.4	60.8	<b>60.7</b>	0.3	-0.1
Federal Government	5.4	5.4	<b>5.4</b>	0.0	0.0
State Government	19.8	20.8	<b>20.5</b>	0.7	-0.3
Local Government	35.2	34.6	<b>34.8</b>	-0.4	0.2

# Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton AR - Crittenden MS - Benton, DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 5,600 jobs from February 2018 to March 2018. There were increases in educational/health services (up 2,000 jobs); leisure/hospitality (up 900 jobs); retail trade (up 800 jobs); durable goods manufacturing (up 600 jobs); professional/business services (up 500 jobs), which includes an increase of 300 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; mining/logging/construction and nondurable goods manufacturing (both up 400 jobs); and financial activities and other services (both up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by a decline of 200 jobs in transportation/warehousing/utilities.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 14,300 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,200, while service-providing jobs increased by 13,100 jobs.

## MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2017	Revised February 2018	Preliminary March 2018	Net Change Mar. 2017 Mar. 2018	Net Change Feb. 2018 Mar. 2018
Total Nonfarm	637.0	645.7	651.3	14.3	5.6
Total Private	553.3	560.0	565.7	12.4	5.7
Goods-Producing	67.8	67.6	69.0	1.2	1.4
Mining, Logging, & Construction	22.5	22.4	22.8	0.3	0.4
Manufacturing	45.3	45.2	46.2	0.9	1.0
Durable Goods Manufacturing	24.6	24.6	25.2	0.6	0.6
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	20.7	20.6	21.0	0.3	0.4
Service-Providing	569.2	578.1	582.3	13.1	4.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	172.9	174.6	175.1	2.2	0.5
Wholesale Trade	36.2	37.0	36.9	0.7	-0.1
Retail Trade	67.3	66.5	67.3	0.0	0.8
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	69.4	71.1	70.9	1.5	-0.2
Information	5.7	5.5	5.5	-0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	28.2	29.1	29.3	1.1	0.2
Professional & Business Services	91.5	92.8	93.3	1.8	0.5
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	24.0	23.7	23.8	-0.2	0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	7.1	7.2	7.3	0.2	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	60.4	61.9	62.2	1.8	0.3
Educational & Health Services	93.8	95.5	97.5	3.7	2.0
Leisure & Hospitality	67.8	68.9	69.8	2.0	0.9
Other Services	25.6	26.0	26.2	0.6	0.2
Government	83.7	85.7	85.6	1.9	-0.1
Federal Government	13.6	13.5	13.4	-0.2	-0.1
State Government	16.7	17.1	17.0	0.3	-0.1
Local Government	53.4	55.1	55.2	1.8	0.1





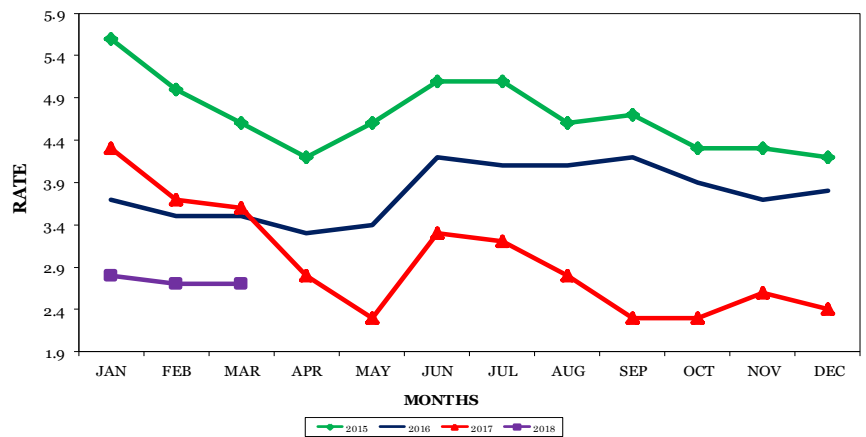
## Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Maury, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 5,700 jobs from February 2018 to March 2018. There were increases in leisure/hospitality (up 4,300 jobs); trade/transportation/utilities (up 1,500 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,200 jobs in retail trade; state government (up 1,300 jobs); local government (up 500 jobs); and professional/scientific/technical (up 300 jobs).

They were partially offset by decreases in health care/social assistance (down 900 jobs), mining/logging/construction (down 600 jobs), administrative/support/waste management (down 500 jobs), and both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing (each down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 23,500 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 3,300, while service-providing jobs increased by 26,800.

### NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



### ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2017	Revised February 2018	Preliminary March 2018	Net Change Mar. 2017 Mar. 2018	Net Change Feb. 2018 Mar. 2018
Total Nonfarm	968.6	986.4	<b>992.1</b>	23.5	5.7
Total Private	849.7	867.9	<b>871.8</b>	22.1	3.9
Goods-Producing	126.2	123.9	<b>122.9</b>	-3.3	-1.0
Mining, Logging, & Construction	41.9	40.9	<b>40.3</b>	-1.6	-0.6
Manufacturing	84.3	83.0	<b>82.6</b>	-1.7	-0.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	60.9	58.9	<b>58.7</b>	-2.2	-0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	23.4	24.1	<b>23.9</b>	0.5	-0.2
Service-Providing	842.4	862.5	<b>869.2</b>	26.8	6.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	182.7	187.8	<b>189.3</b>	6.6	1.5
Wholesale Trade	40.3	40.3	<b>40.4</b>	0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	97.3	98.4	<b>99.6</b>	2.3	1.2
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	45.1	49.1	<b>49.3</b>	4.2	0.2
Information	22.7	22.8	<b>22.9</b>	0.2	0.1
Financial Activities	65.2	66.4	<b>66.4</b>	1.2	0.0
Professional & Business Services	155.7	162.7	<b>162.4</b>	6.7	-0.3
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	61.9	64.4	<b>64.7</b>	2.8	0.3
Management of Companies & Enterprises	20.8	22.0	<b>21.9</b>	1.1	-0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	73.0	76.3	<b>75.8</b>	2.8	-0.5
Educational & Health Services	149.2	153.0	<b>152.2</b>	3.0	-0.8
Educational Services	29.2	29.5	<b>29.6</b>	0.4	0.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	120.0	123.5	<b>122.6</b>	2.6	-0.9
Leisure & Hospitality	107.9	110.1	<b>114.4</b>	6.5	4.3
Other Services	40.1	41.2	<b>41.3</b>	1.2	0.1
Government	118.9	118.5	<b>120.3</b>	1.4	1.8
Federal Government	13.8	13.7	<b>13.7</b>	-0.1	0.0
State Government	30.0	29.9	<b>31.2</b>	1.2	1.3
Local Government	75.1	74.9	<b>75.4</b>	0.3	0.5

## Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	Feb. 2018 Revised	Mar. 2018 Prelim.	Feb. 2018 Revised	Mar. 2018 Prelim.	Feb. 2018 Revised	Mar. 2018 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	90,400	<b>90,600</b>	46,300	<b>46,400</b>	68,400	<b>68,800</b>
Total Private	71,200	<b>71,400</b>	40,400	<b>40,400</b>	54,200	<b>54,500</b>
Goods-Producing	15,300	<b>15,200</b>	11,300	<b>11,400</b>	13,000	<b>13,000</b>
Mining, Logging, & Construction	3,000	<b>3,000</b>	1,800	<b>1,800</b>	2,700	<b>2,700</b>
Manufacturing	12,300	<b>12,200</b>	9,500	<b>9,600</b>	10,300	<b>10,300</b>
Service-Providing	75,100	<b>75,400</b>	35,000	<b>35,000</b>	55,400	<b>55,800</b>
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	16,900	<b>17,300</b>	8,800	<b>8,800</b>	12,900	<b>12,900</b>
Wholesale Trade	N.A.	<b>N.A.</b>	800	<b>800</b>	2,800	<b>2,800</b>
Retail Trade	12,400	<b>12,500</b>	5,100	<b>5,100</b>	8,400	<b>8,400</b>
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,600	<b>2,600</b>	2,900	<b>2,900</b>	1,700	<b>1,700</b>
Information	1,200	<b>1,200</b>	300	<b>300</b>	500	<b>500</b>
Financial Activities	3,300	<b>3,300</b>	1,400	<b>1,400</b>	2,100	<b>2,100</b>
Professional & Business Services	8,200	<b>8,200</b>	6,100	<b>5,800</b>	6,900	<b>7,000</b>
Educational & Health Services	12,000	<b>11,900</b>	5,500	<b>5,600</b>	11,100	<b>11,200</b>
Leisure & Hospitality	11,200	<b>11,200</b>	4,700	<b>4,800</b>	5,900	<b>6,000</b>
Other Services	3,100	<b>3,100</b>	2,300	<b>2,300</b>	1,800	<b>1,800</b>
Government	19,200	<b>19,200</b>	5,900	<b>6,000</b>	14,200	<b>14,300</b>
Federal Government	5,500	<b>5,500</b>	300	<b>300</b>	500	<b>500</b>
State Government	3,400	<b>3,400</b>	900	<b>900</b>	2,000	<b>2,000</b>
Local Government	10,300	<b>10,300</b>	4,700	<b>4,800</b>	11,700	<b>11,800</b>

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	Feb. 2018 Revised	Mar. 2018 Prelim.	Feb. 2018 Revised	Mar. 2018 Prelim.	Feb. 2018 Revised	Mar. 2018 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	79,200	<b>79,600</b>	121,300	<b>122,600</b>	46,000	<b>46,500</b>
Total Private	63,000	<b>63,300</b>	104,700	<b>105,900</b>	39,400	<b>39,800</b>
Goods-Producing	9,800	<b>9,900</b>	27,600	<b>27,800</b>	13,300	<b>13,300</b>
Mining, Logging, & Construction	2,200	<b>2,200</b>	6,900	<b>7,000</b>	1,900	<b>1,900</b>
Manufacturing	7,600	<b>7,700</b>	20,700	<b>20,800</b>	11,400	<b>11,400</b>
Service-Providing	69,400	<b>69,700</b>	93,700	<b>94,800</b>	32,700	<b>33,200</b>
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	13,300	<b>13,400</b>	24,700	<b>24,900</b>	10,000	<b>10,000</b>
Wholesale Trade	2,100	<b>2,200</b>	4,200	<b>4,300</b>	1,700	<b>1,600</b>
Retail Trade	10,200	<b>10,200</b>	15,500	<b>15,600</b>	5,800	<b>5,900</b>
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,000	<b>1,000</b>	5,000	<b>5,000</b>	2,500	<b>2,500</b>
Information	1,300	<b>1,300</b>	1,200	<b>1,300</b>	300	<b>300</b>
Financial Activities	4,300	<b>4,300</b>	3,600	<b>3,600</b>	900	<b>900</b>
Professional & Business Services	8,500	<b>8,500</b>	10,000	<b>10,000</b>	3,900	<b>3,900</b>
Educational & Health Services	14,100	<b>14,100</b>	18,600	<b>18,700</b>	5,900	<b>6,200</b>
Leisure & Hospitality	9,300	<b>9,400</b>	13,000	<b>13,500</b>	3,800	<b>3,900</b>
Other Services	2,400	<b>2,400</b>	6,000	<b>6,100</b>	1,300	<b>1,300</b>
Government	16,200	<b>16,300</b>	16,600	<b>16,700</b>	6,600	<b>6,700</b>
Federal Government	2,900	<b>3,000</b>	900	<b>900</b>	300	<b>300</b>
State Government	5,700	<b>5,700</b>	2,500	<b>2,500</b>	1,300	<b>1,400</b>
Local Government	7,600	<b>7,600</b>	13,200	<b>13,300</b>	5,000	<b>5,000</b>

**Clarksville MSA** is Montgomery County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester, Crockett, & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Hamblen & Jefferson counties.

# U.S. Consumer Price Index — March 2018

Group	All Urban Consumers			Wage & Clerical Earners		
	Index	Percent Change		Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average						
All Items (1982-84=100)	249.554	2.4	0.2	243.463	2.4	0.2
Food and beverages	252.182	1.3	0.0	251.190	1.3	0.0
Housing	256.388	3.0	0.3	252.449	3.0	0.2
Apparel	128.604	0.3	1.6	128.276	0.4	1.7
Transportation	207.845	3.9	0.2	207.106	4.4	0.2
Medical care	483.984	2.0	0.2	487.797	1.8	0.2
South						
All Items (1982-84=100)	241.595	2.3	0.2	237.318	2.3	0.1
Food and beverages	249.324	1.0	-0.1	248.240	1.0	-0.1
Housing	236.083	2.8	0.1	236.193	2.7	0.1
Apparel	140.171	2.5	4.5	138.310	1.0	4.4
Transportation	208.913	4.0	0.0	206.516	4.6	-0.1
Medical care	465.888	1.8	0.2	473.366	1.7	0.2

## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVG. WEEKLY HOURS		
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
	2017	2018	2018	2017	2018	2018	2017	2018	2018
Manufacturing	\$811.69	\$852.38	<b>\$861.32</b>	\$19.28	\$19.64	<b>\$19.62</b>	42.1	43.4	<b>43.9</b>
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$839.16	\$863.41	<b>\$875.79</b>	\$19.98	\$20.46	<b>\$20.32</b>	42.0	42.2	<b>43.1</b>
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$764.66	\$830.80	<b>\$834.84</b>	\$18.12	\$18.34	<b>\$18.47</b>	42.2	45.3	<b>45.2</b>

## ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVG. WEEKLY HOURS		
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
	2017	2018	2018	2017	2018	2018	2017	2018	2018
Total Private	\$790.01	\$806.40	<b>\$807.84</b>	\$22.38	\$23.04	<b>\$22.95</b>	35.3	35.0	
Goods-Producing	\$993.81	\$1,004.55	<b>\$1,017.60</b>	\$23.55	\$24.09	<b>\$24.00</b>	42.2	41.7	
Mining, Logging and Construction	\$945.63	\$983.95	<b>\$1,020.51</b>	\$23.94	\$24.91	<b>\$24.65</b>	39.5	39.5	
Manufacturing	\$1,009.40	\$1,009.97	<b>\$1,015.41</b>	\$23.42	\$23.82	<b>\$23.78</b>	43.1	42.4	
Private Service-Providing	\$745.63	\$762.13	<b>\$761.38</b>	\$22.06	\$22.75	<b>\$22.66</b>	33.8	33.5	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$693.94	\$693.91	<b>\$696.65</b>	\$20.35	\$20.53	<b>\$20.37</b>	34.1	33.8	
Information	\$1,157.36	\$1,184.74	<b>\$1,160.86</b>	\$31.28	\$32.02	<b>\$31.29</b>	37.0	37.0	
Financial Activities	\$989.89	\$1,085.46	<b>\$1,095.44</b>	\$26.61	\$28.64	<b>\$28.98</b>	37.2	37.9	
Professional and Business Services	\$971.64	\$986.53	<b>\$989.28</b>	\$26.99	\$27.48	<b>\$27.48</b>	36.0	35.9	
Education and Health Services	\$793.26	\$796.45	<b>\$790.10</b>	\$22.60	\$23.22	<b>\$23.17</b>	35.1	34.3	
Leisure and Hospitality	\$346.30	\$386.19	<b>\$384.40</b>	\$12.97	\$14.41	<b>\$14.29</b>	26.7	26.8	
Other Services	\$652.39	\$660.33	<b>\$672.75</b>	\$19.89	\$20.70	<b>\$20.70</b>	32.8	31.9	

## TENNESSEE & UNITED STATES UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (Seasonally Adjusted/ TN Solid Line)

